METRIC ANAGRAMS

1,000,000 s	1,000 s	100 s	10 s	1 s	1/10 th s	1/100 th s	1/1000 th s	1/1,000,000 th s
Many	kids	have	damaged	<u>b</u> rains	during	class	most	μornings
е	il	ect	е	a	e	e	i	i
g	0	0	k	S	c	n	1	c
a			a	e	i	t	1	r
						i	i	0
				u				
				n				
				i				
				t		.		and the state of t
				*				

^{*} the base unit for distance is the meter (m), for volume - liter (L), and for mass - gram (g).

Add Yours Here!!!

M k h da \underline{b} d c m μ

You are responsible to know how to convert to the prefixes **Mega-** (M) which means 1,000,000 and **micro-** (μ) which means 1/1,000,000th. Mega- (M) is 3 steps to the left of kilo-. The two steps between have no prefix names. Likewise, micro- (μ) is 3 steps to the right of milli-. Again, the two steps between have no prefixes. If you wish to use the format described above, it would look like this:

 $M \quad x \quad x \quad k \quad h \quad da \quad \underline{b} \quad d \quad c \quad m \quad x \quad x \quad \mu$

The rule for the x's is 2! 2 x's between the first 2 prefixes and 2 x's between the last 2 prefixes.

Remember, in order to convert one metric unit to another using this method:

- 1. Mark the prefix for which you know the measurement.
- 2. Bounce over to the prefix you want.
- 3. Count the number of bounces you made and in which direction you moved.
 - DO NOT COUNT THE PREFIX YOU STARTED AT.
 - Count each stop, even the x's.
- 4. Move the decimal point the same direction and the same number of bounces as you found in step 3.
- 5. Fill in any empty "baskets" with "balls" (zeros) unless the number is less than one and the zeros would be to the left of the new decimal place.